

## 統計|国際エネルギー







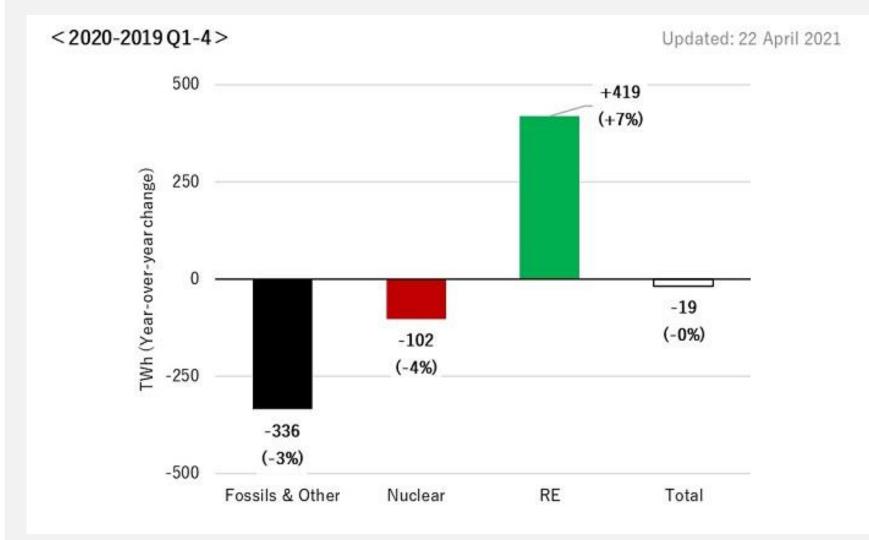




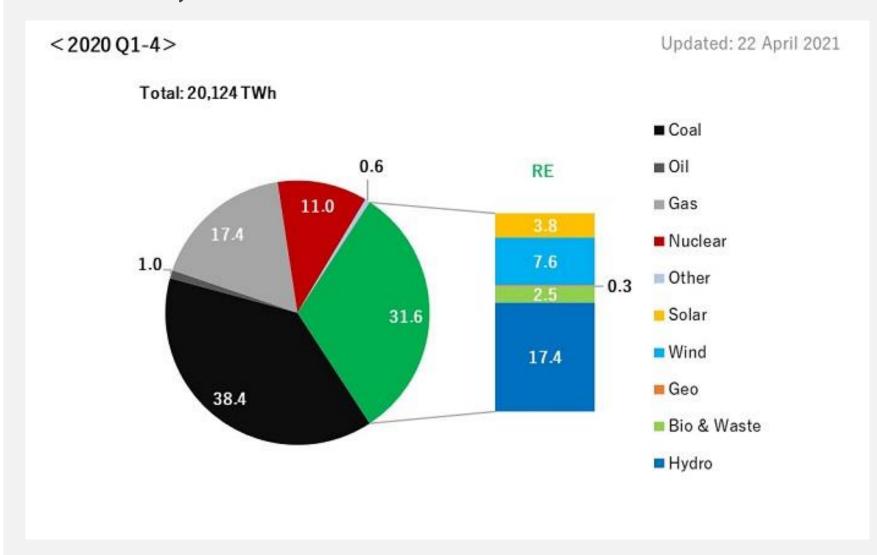
#### World\*

\*including all OECD countries (except Israel), as well as Argentina, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Croatia, Cyprus, India, Malta, North Macedonia, Romania and Serbia. In total, 47 countries which accounted for about 80% of the world's total electricity generation in 2019.

#### World Change in Electricity Generation



#### World Electricity Generation Mix (%)





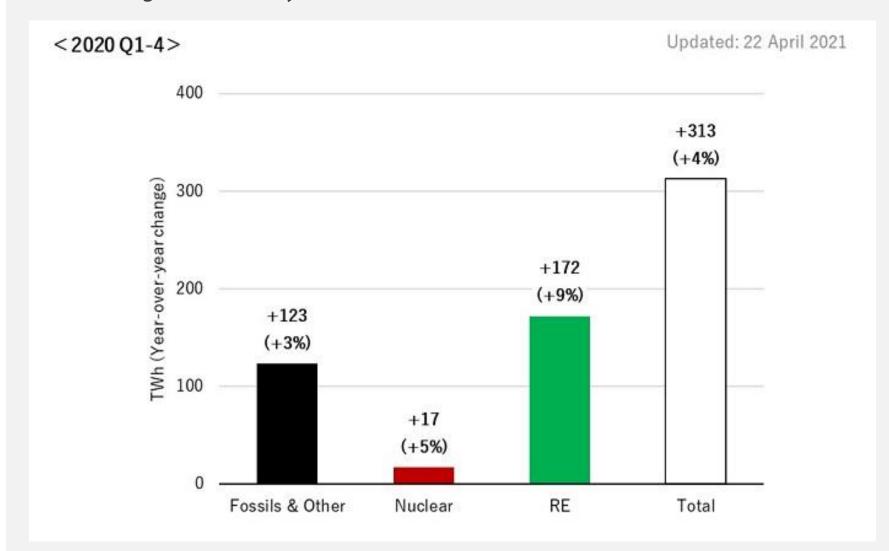




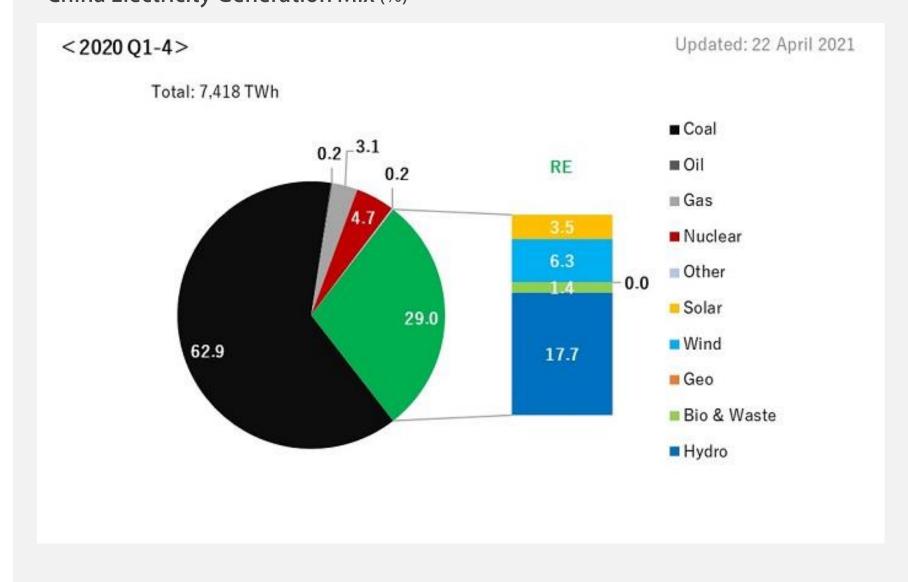
### **Countries**

### [China]

## **China Change in Electricity Generation**



## China Electricity Generation Mix (%)



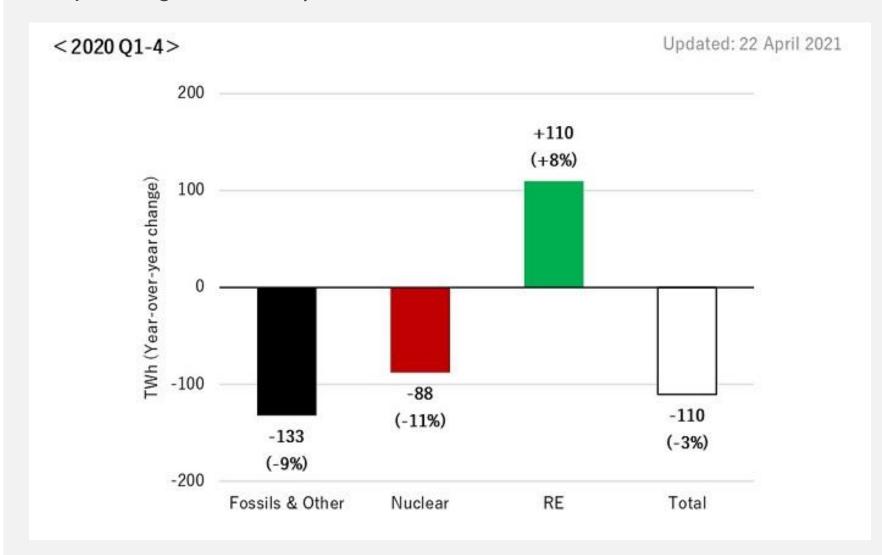




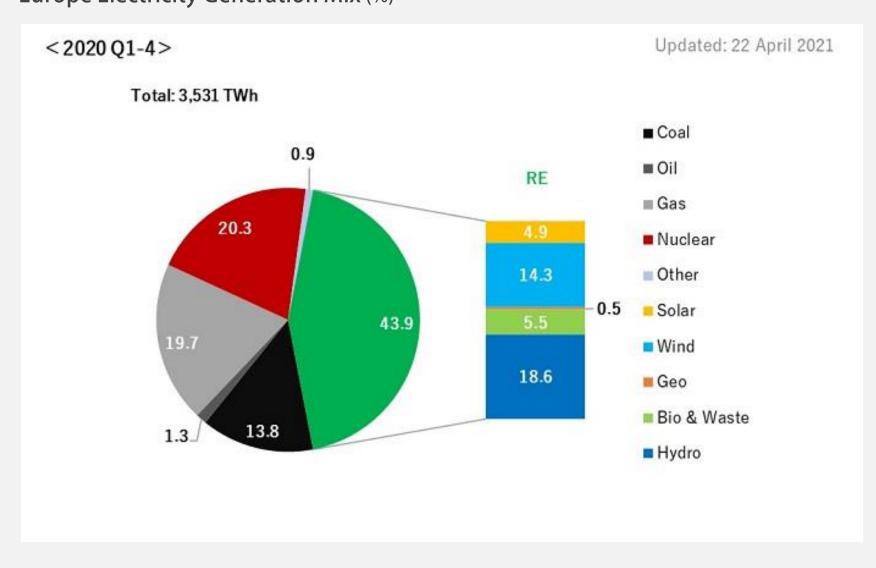
## [Europe]

\*including all European OECD countries, as well as Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Malta, North Macedonia, Romania and Serbia.

## **Europe Change in Electricity Generation**



## **Europe Electricity Generation Mix (%)**

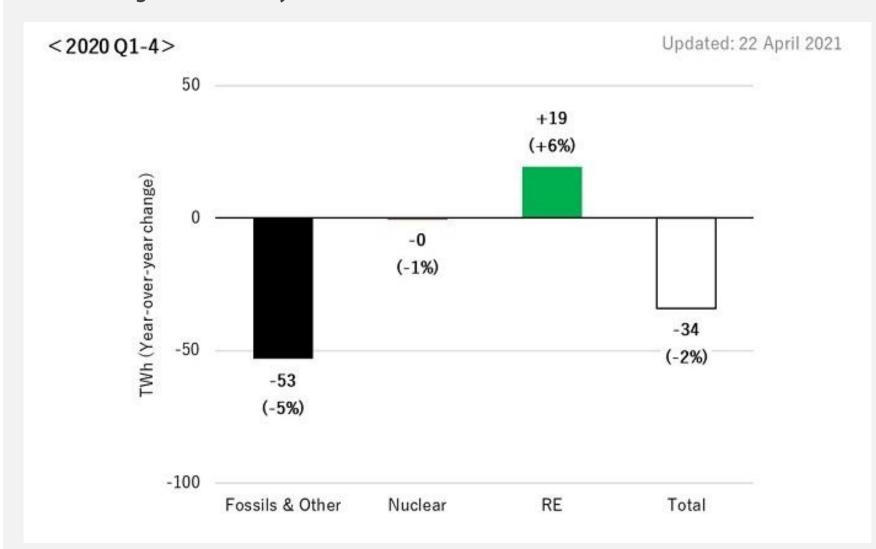




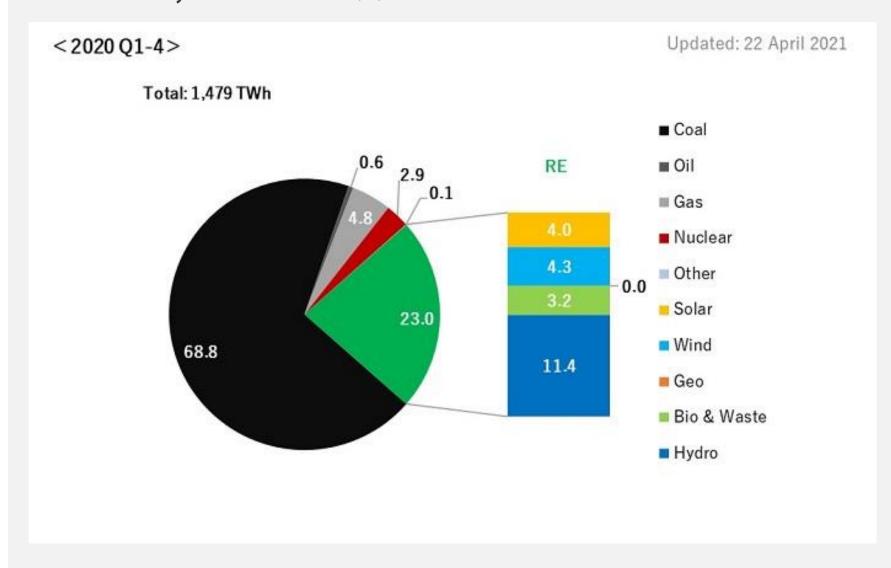


## [India]

### India Change in Electricity Generation



## India Electricity Generation Mix (%)

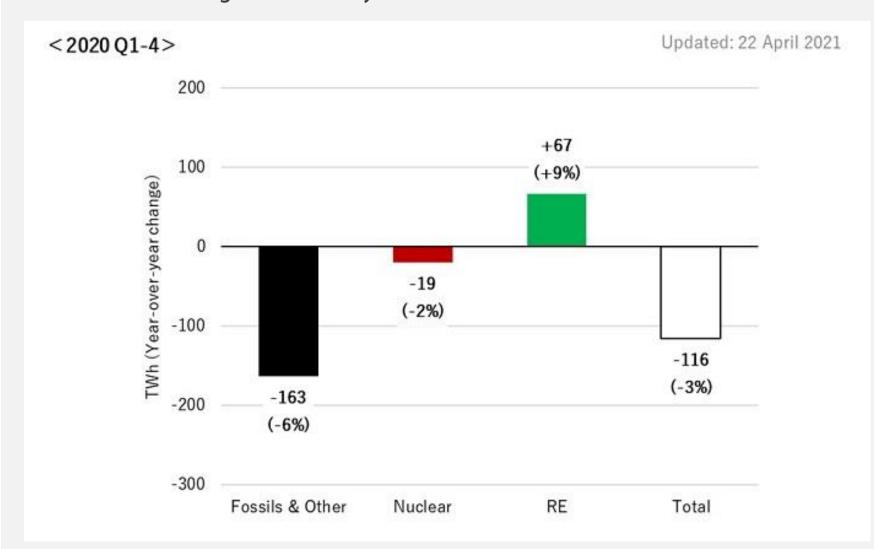




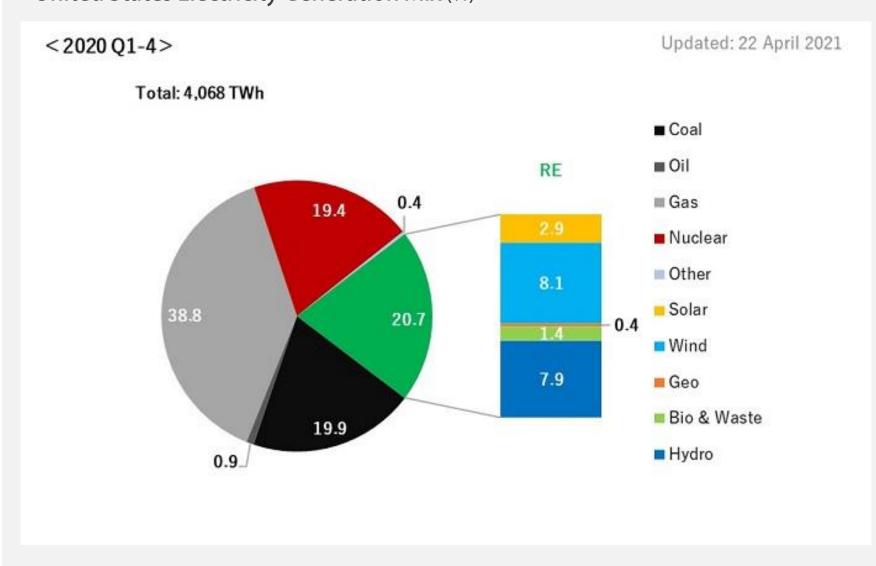


#### **[United States]**

#### **United States Change in Electricity Generation**



#### United States Electricity Generation Mix (%)



Source: International Energy Agency, Monthly Electricity Statistics – Data up to January 2021 (downloaded 19 April 2021).

Net electricity generation."Fossils" includes coal, oil and gas.

· "Other" includes non-renewable waste and non-specified sources.

<sup>· &</sup>quot;RE" (renewable energy) includes hydro, bioenergy & (renewable) waste, geothermal, wind, solar and other renewables (e.g. tide, wave, ocean… which are negligible and