







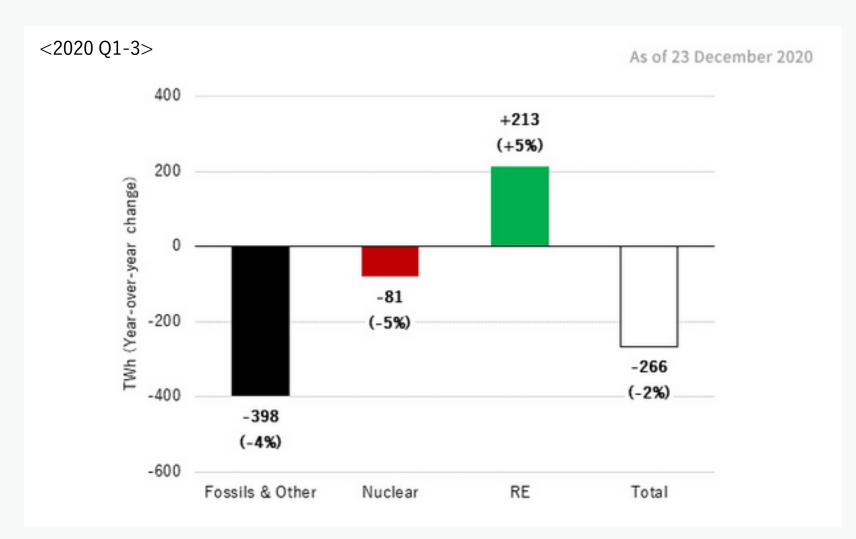




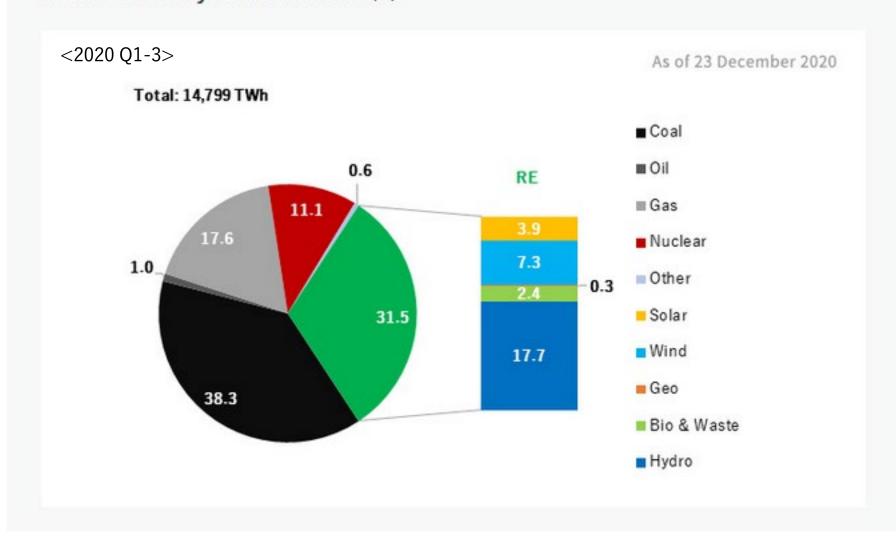
#### World\*

\*including all OECD countries (except Israel), as well as Argentina, Brazil, China, Croatia, India and Romania. In total, 41 countries which accounted for about 80% of the world's total electricity generation in 2019.

#### **World Change in Electricity Generation**



#### World Electricity Generation Mix (%)









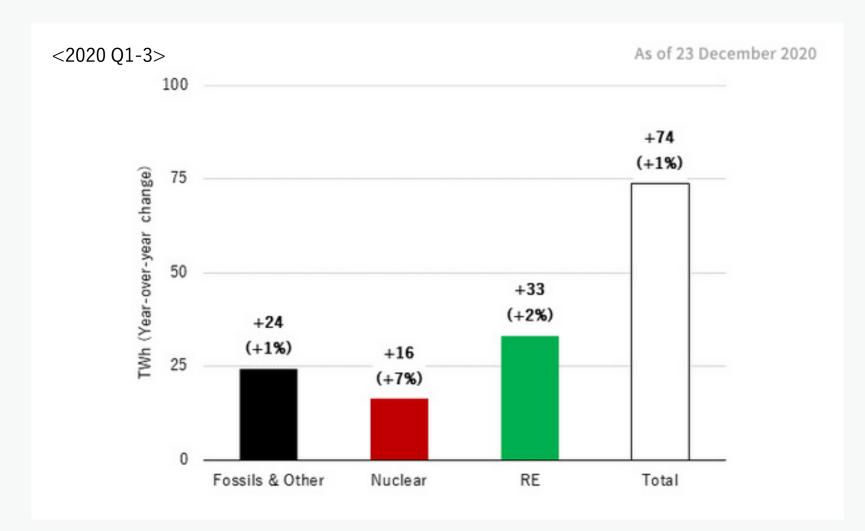




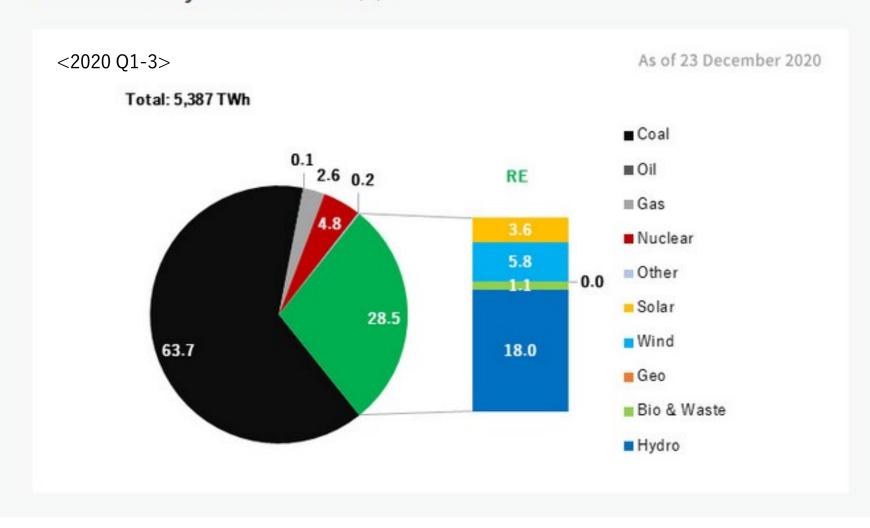
#### Countries

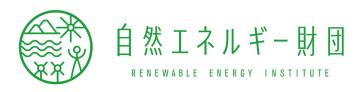
#### [China]

### **China Change in Electricity Generation**



### China Electricity Generation Mix (%)



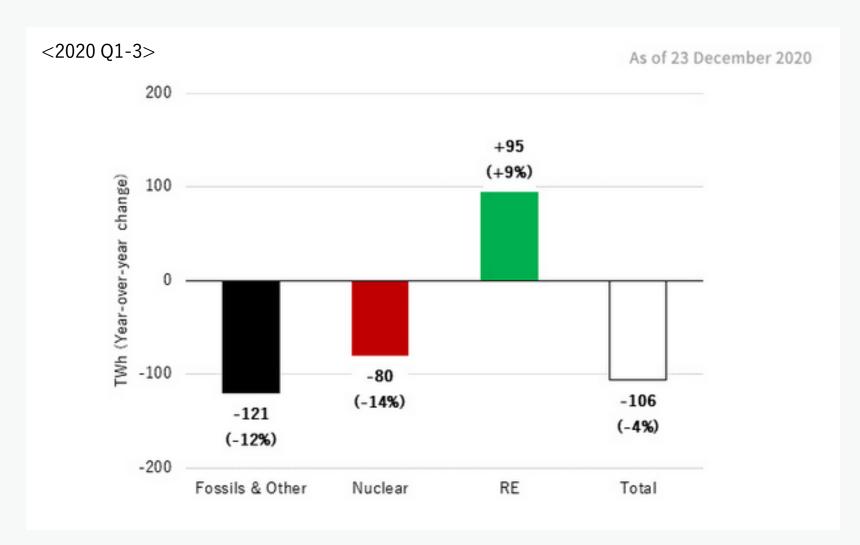




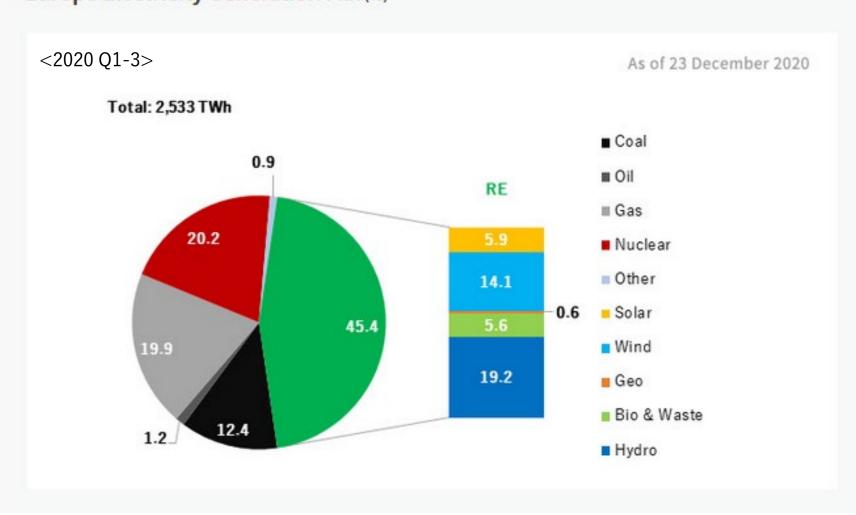
## [Europe] \*

\*including all European OECD countries, as well as Croatia and Romania.

### **Europe Change in Electricity Generation**



### **Europe Electricity Generation Mix (%)**







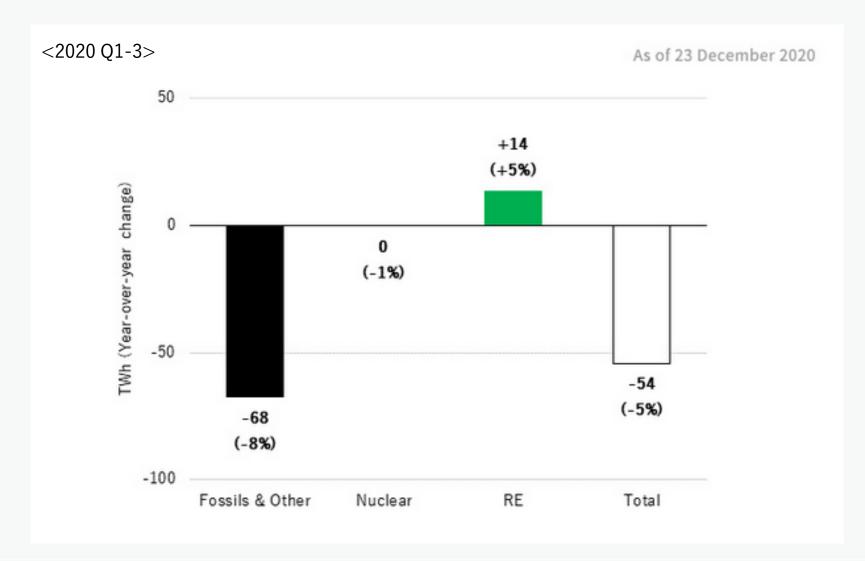




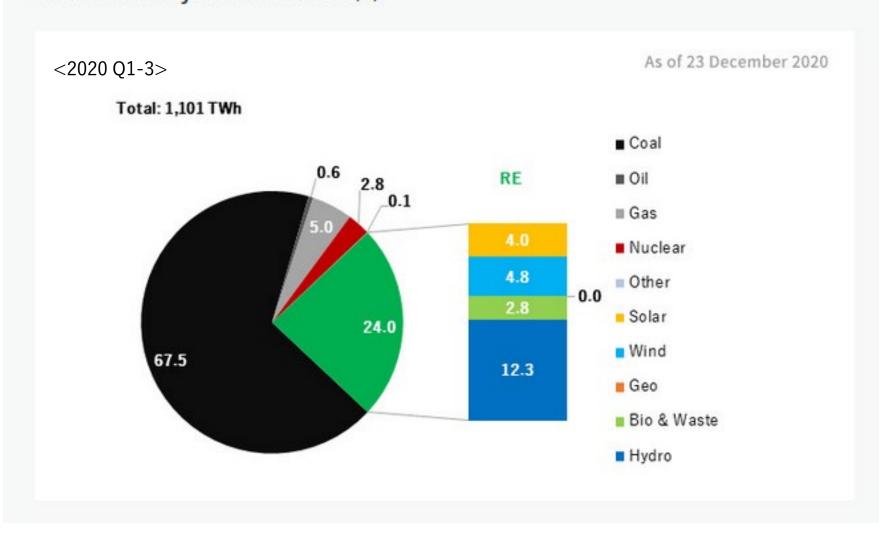


### [India]

### **India Change in Electricity Generation**



### India Electricity Generation Mix (%)



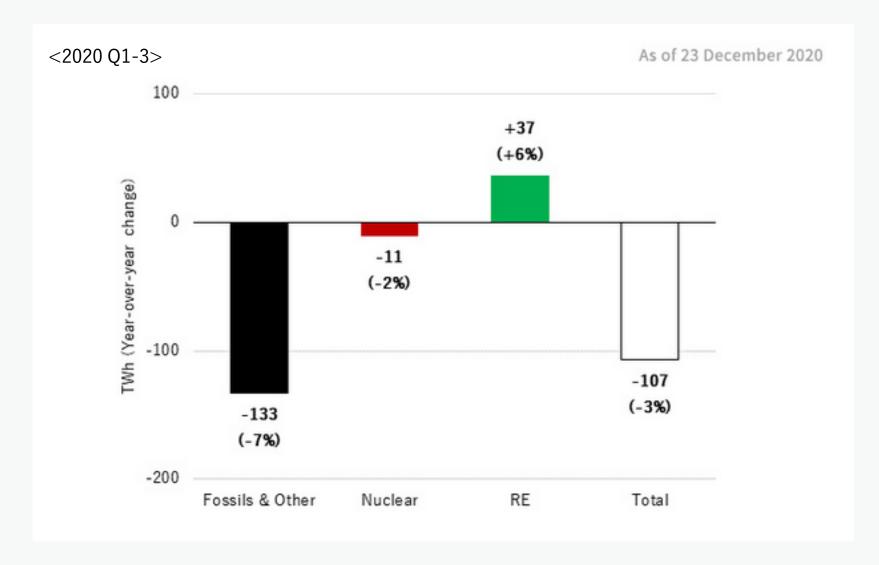




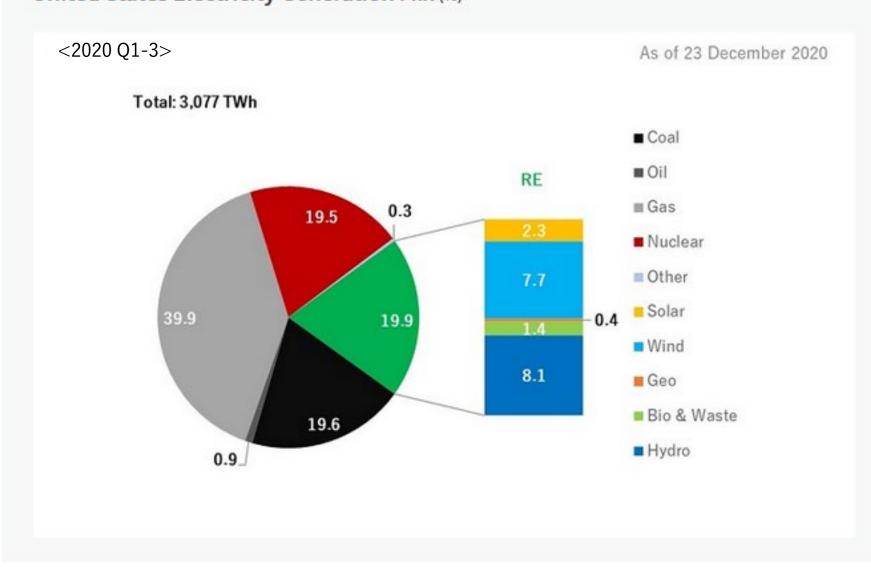


#### [United States]

#### **United States Change in Electricity Generation**



### United States Electricity Generation Mix (%)



<sup>•</sup>Source: International Energy Agency, Monthly Electricity Statistics – Data up to September 2020 (downloaded 17 December 2020).

- Net electricity generation.
- Fossils" includes coal, oil and gas.
- "RE" (renewable energy) includes hydro, bioenergy & (renewable) waste, geothermal, wind, solar and other renewables (e.g. tide, wave, ocean..., which are negligible and included in hydro).
- "Other" includes non-renewable waste and non-specified sources.

<sup>•</sup>Notes: